

Queensland

Education and Industrial Relations (Ensuring Workplace Education) Youth Act 2021

Act No. 8 of 2021

An Act to ensure adequate Workplace Education for individuals entering into and in the workforce, and to establish the Queensland Workplace Education Committee and the Worker's Rights Committee.

[Assented to 13 October 2021]



Queensland

Education and Industrial Relations (Ensuring Workplace Education) Youth Act 2021

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The Youth Parliament of Queensland enacts—

Part 1 Preliminary

1 Short title

This Youth Act may be cited as the *Education and Industrial Relations (Ensuring Workplace Education) Youth Act 2021.*

2 Commencement

This Youth Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.

3 Main purposes of Youth Act

The main purposes of this Youth Act are-

- (a) to ensure Queenslanders have crucial workplace education and knowledge of their rights in the workplace; and
- (b) to provide quality workplace education to both those in schools and in the workforce; and
- (c) to ensure that the deliverance of workplace education is fair and equitable for all Queenslanders.

4 Definitions

In this Youth Act—

Approved mobile application stores includes any of the following mobile platforms for application purchases: Google Play Store, Apple App Store, Samsung Galaxy Apps, Huawei App Store, Sony Apps, Amazon Appstore.

Business means

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(a) An organisation or enterprising entity who engages in commercial, industrial, or professional activities unless otherwise stated.

Contracted workers' agreement means a document that includes—

- (a) the contractor's type of employment, including:
 - (i) full-time employed contractors;
 - (ii) part-time employed contractors
 - (iii) fixed-term contractors; and
 - (iv) independent contractors;
- (b) contractor obligations, including:
 - (i) taxation;
 - (ii) superannuation self-contributions;
 - (iii) financial obligations undertaken; and
 - (iv) insurance;
- (c) liability of the contractor;
- (d) leave and compensation; and
- (e) details of Fair Work Australia.

Discrimination means the unjust or prejudicial treatment of different categories of people, on the grounds of race, age, sexuality, culture, disability, or gender identity, and other determining factors.

Eligible course of study means either—

- (a) a certificate of workplace education the Queensland Workplace Education Committee is responsible for; or
- (b) a workers' rights education course the Workers' Rights Committee is responsible for.

Employee means—

(a) The person being paid to work within a given organisation, business or company unless otherwise stated.

Employer means-

(a) A person, business or organisation who employs people, meaning they pay employees for work, unless otherwise stated.

My Working Rights Agreement means a document that includes—

- (a) the employees type of employment being—
 - (i) full-time;
 - (ii) part-time;
 - (iii) casual;
 - (iv) fixed term;
 - (v) probation; or
 - (vi) apprenticeship and traineeship.

QCAA means the Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority.

Small Business means a business that has less than 20 employees.

Superannuation means a regular payment made into a fund by an employer towards a future pension.

Tax File Number Declaration form means so your payer can work out how much tax to withhold from payments they make to you and must be submitted with the My Working Rights Agreement form.

Unfair practices means an employer or supervisor at the time using power to influence employees' wellbeing, safety, or income.

Workplace education means education that relates to, one or more of—

- (a) The rights, entitlements and pay of employees;
- (b) The responsibilities and obligations of employees;
- (c) The responsibilities and obligations of employers;

- (d) Industrial Relations legislation, both State and Commonwealth;
- (e) Workplace bullying and harassment;
- (f) Dispute resolution in the workplace;
- (g) Providers of workers' rights services;
- (h) The creation and maintaining of a healthy workplace environment;
- (i) correct hours for job title and age; and
- (j) superannuation contribution requirements of the employer.

Workplace mistreatment means any behaviour which causes another employee to feel distressed or uncomfortable in the workplace environment.

Workplace negligence means the failure of an employer or supervisor at the time to adhere to laws and regulations mandated to ensure the safety of others, leading to injury or distress.

Part 2 Workplace Education

Division 1 Amendment of Education (Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority) Act 2014 (Qld)

5 Act Amended

- (1) Act amended—
 - (a) This part amends the *Education (Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority) Act 2014 (Qld).*

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6 Insertion of s 11A Workplace Education for Years 10-12

(1) Part 2, Division 2, section 11

insert—

11A Workplace Education for Years 10-12

The authority has the following functions relating to workplace education for years 10-12—

- (a) developing and revising guidelines;
- (b) purchasing and revising guidelines developed by another entity; and
- (c) accrediting, for implementation in schools, guidelines developed by another entity.

7 Amendment of s 12 (Supporting schools and approved providers of education and care services)

(1) Part 2, Division 2, section 12(1)

insert—

(d) a workplace education guideline that the authority accredits, develops, purchases or substantially revises.

8 Amendment of Schedule 1 (Dictionary)

(1) Schedule 1 (Dictionary)

insert—

workplace education means education that relates to, one or more of—

- (a) the rights, entitlements and pay of employees;
- (b) the responsibilities and obligations of employees;
- (c) the responsibilities and obligations of employers;

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- (d) industrial relations legislation, both State and Commonwealth;
- (e) workplace bullying and harassment;
- (f) dispute resolution in the workplace;
- (g) providers of workers' rights services;
- (h) the creation and maintaining of a healthy workplace environment; or
- another topic decided by the Minister of Education, the Minister of Employment, Small Business and Training, or one of the bodies created in this Act.

Division 2 Amendment of Education (General Provisions) Act 2006 (Qld)

9 Act Amended

- (1) Act amended—
 - (a) This part amends the *Education (General Provisions)* Act 2006 (Qld).

10 Insertion of s 21A Workplace Education

Chapter 2, Part 4, section 21

insert—

21A Workplace Education

- (1) All State and non-State schools are required to provide one period of workplace education per semester for years 10-12.
- (2) Workplace education is to be taught—
 - (a) by a teacher; and
 - (b) according to guidelines developed by the QCAA.

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(3) In this section—

workplace education refers to education developed and revised by the QCAA under the E(QCAA) Act.

Part 3 Ongoing education of workers' rights in the workplace

11 My Working Rights Agreement

- (1) The My Working Rights Agreement must be given to all new employees in conjunction with—
 - (a) the Tax File Number Declaration form; and
 - (b) the Superannuation (super) standard choice form.
- (2) The employer must explain the My Working Rights Agreement to the employee and be reasonably satisfied the employee understands the document.
- (3) The My Working Rights Agreement must be signed by—
 - (a) the employer, being:
 - (b) the owner of the business; or
 - (c) the direct manager of the employee; and
 - (d) the employee, and
 - (e) a third party to witness the signing of the agreement between the employer and employee.
- (4) If the employee has not reached age of majority, then in place of the employee, the My Working Rights Agreement must be signed by—
 - (a) the employee's parent; or
 - (b) Guardian.
- (5) Upon signing the document, the parties agree—
 - (a) they understand the terms of employment;

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- (b) that the topics under the agreement can be discussed at any time to ensure both parties are adhering to the agreement, without hesitation; and
- (c) if the conditions of the agreement are not adhered to by the employer, they may be subjected to penalties, see Section 56.
- (6) The Signed document must be lodged by the employer to Fair Work Australia within 30 days of the employee's start date.
- (7) Failure to lodge the document without reasonable excuse may result in the employer being subjected to penalties, see Section 56.
 - (a) If the signing and lodgement of *My Working Rights Agreement* is delayed by the employee for over 30 days, they are not to continue working until the document is signed and lodged.

12 Contract-Based Workers

- (1) The contracted workers' agreement must be given to all new contractors prior to signing of their contract.
- (2) The employer must explain the *contracted workers' rights agreement* to the contractee and be reasonably satisfied the contractee understands the document.
- (3) The contracted workers' rights agreement must be signed by—
 - (a) the contractors, being—
 - (i) the company facilitating the contracting.
- (4) Upon signing the document, the parties agree—
 - (a) the contractor understands the terms of the contract;
 - (b) that the topics under the agreement can be discussed at any time to ensure both parties are following the agreement, without hesitation; and

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- (c) that if the conditions of the agreement are not followed by the employer, they may be subjected to penalties, see Section 56.
- (5) The signed document must be lodged by the employer to Fair Work Australia within 30 days of the employee's start date.
- (6) Failure to lodge the document without reasonable excuse, may result in the employer being subject to penalties, see Section 56.

13 Penalties

- (1) The employer may be issued a fine if—
 - (a) they violate the My Workers' Rights Agreement they have signed with their employee; or
 - (b) they fail to lodge the document without reasonable excuse to Fair Work Australia within 30 days of the employees' start date.
- (2) The contractor may be issued a fine if—
 - (a) they violate the Contract Workers' Rights Agreement they have signed; or
 - (b) they fail to lodge the document without reasonable excuse to Fair Work Australia within 30 days of the worker's start date.
- (3) Employers or contractors may be fined according to the following criteria—
 - (a) Small businesses can be fined a maximum 5 penalty units;
 - (b) Medium-sized businesses can be fined a maximum 350 penalty units;
 - (c) Large businesses can be fined a maximum 550 penalty units; and
 - (d) Multinational corporations can be fined a maximum of 10,000 penalty units.

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Part 4 Equitable Accessibility For All Students

Division 1 Preliminary

14 Application of part C

This part applies in relation to providing equitable accessabilities to all Queensland students learning workers rights at either secondary school or in their workplace.

Division 2 Entitlement to grant

15 When grant is payable

- (1) A *Learning Barriers* grant is payable on an application under this Act if—
 - (a) the applicant has a Learning Barrier as outlined in section 62; or
 - (b) the applicant is enrolled in an eligible course of study
 - (c) the application does not form part of a scheme to circumvent limitations on, or requirements affecting, eligibility for or entitlement to a *Learning Barriers* grant.
- (2) A *Technology Accessibility* grant is payable on an application under this Act if—
 - (a) the applicant receives low income (below \$45,000 per annum);
 - (b) the applicant is enrolled in the eligible course of study;
 - (c) the application does not form part of a scheme to circumvent limitations on, or requirements affecting, eligibility for or entitlement to a *Technology Accessibility* grant.

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- (3) A *Small Business Owners* grant is payable on an application under this Act if—
 - (a) the applicant is a small business owner that cannot afford the full cost of the eligible course for their employee; or
 - (b) the course would be financially detrimental to the small business;
 - (c) the application does not form part of a scheme to circumvent limitations on, or requirements affecting, eligibility for or entitlement to a *Small Business Owners* grant.

Division 3 Eligibility criteria—applicants

16 Criterion 1—

- (1) An applicant for a Learning Barriers grant must be-
 - (a) from migrant background; and
 - (b) has language barriers; or
 - (c) a student with a learning disability.

17 Criterion 2—

- (1) An applicant for a *Technology Accessibility* grant must be—
 - (a) a student enrolled in a eligible course of study; or
 - (b) is an employee enrolled in the eligible course of study; and
 - (c) must attend training via online systems; but
 - (d) cannot afford the costs of the required technological device.

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18 Criterion 3—

- (1) An applicant for a Small Business Owners grant must be-
 - (a) is a registered Queensland small business; and
 - (b) has an Australian Business Number (ABN); and
 - (c) has one or more employees enrolled in the eligible course of study at the commencement of the application.

Division 4 Application for grant

19 Application for grants

- (1) An application for a *Learning Barrier* grant must be made to the commissioner or an agent of the commissioner.
- (2) The application must be—
 - (a) in the approved form; and
 - (b) supported by the information required by the commissioner.
- (3) The application may only be made within a period (the *application period*)—
 - (a) starting on the commencement date of the eligible transaction of the eligible course to which the application relates; and
 - (b) ending after the completion of the eligible course to which the application relates.
- (4) However, the commissioner may allow an application to be made before or after the application period.
- (5) An application for a *Technology Accessibility* grant must be made to the commissioner or an agent of the commissioner.
- (6) The application must be—
 - (a) in the approved form; and
 - (b) supported by the information required by the commissioner.

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- (7) The application may only be made within a period (the *application period*)—
 - (a) starting 1 week before the commencement date of the eligible transaction of the eligible course to which the application relates; and
 - (b) ending after the eligible transaction of the required technological device to which the application relates.
- (8) However, the commissioner may allow an application to be made before or after the application period.
- (9) An application for a *Small Business Owners* grant must be made to the commissioner or an agent of the commissioner.
- (10) The application must be—
 - (a) in the approved form; and
 - (b) supported by the information required by the commissioner;
 - (c) for an individual (one application per employee).
- (11) The application may only be made within a period (the *application period*)—
 - (a) starting on the commencement date of the eligible transaction of the eligible course to which the application relates; and
 - (b) ending after the completion of the eligible transaction of the eligible course for their employee to which the application relates.
- (12) However, the commissioner may allow an application to be made before or after the application period.

20 Application on behalf of person under legal disability

- (1) An application may be made on behalf of a person under a legal disability by a guardian.
- (2) For deciding eligibility, the person under the legal disability must be regarded as the applicant.

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Division 5 Decision on application

21 Commissioner to decide applications

- (1) If the *Minister of Training* is satisfied, a *Learning Barriers* grant is payable on an application, the *Minister of Training* must authorise the payment of the grant.
- (2) If the *Minister of Training* is satisfied, a *Technology Accessibility* grant is payable on an application, the *Minister of Training* must authorise the payment of the grant.
- (3) If the *Minister of Training* is satisfied, a *Small Business Owners* grant is payable on an application, the *Minister of Training* must authorise the payment of the grant.

22 Amount of grant

- (1) The amount of all grants, including—
 - (a) Learning Barriers grants;
 - (b) Technology Accessibility grants;
 - (c) Small Business Owners grants is determined by the following—
 - (i) assessments of financial statements provided as part of application; and
 - (ii) other circumstances included in the application which indicate that the applicant may require additional funding in order to complete the program.

23 Payment of grant

(1) A Learning Barriers, Technology Accessibility and Small Business Owners grant must be paid by electronic funds transfer, cheque or in any other way the commissioner considers appropriate.

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- (2) A Learning Barriers, Technology Accessibility or Small Business Owners grant must be paid to—
 - (a) the applicant; or
 - (b) someone else to whom the applicant directs in writing the grant be paid.

24 Conditions generally

- (1) The *Minister of Training* may authorise the payment of a *Learning Barriers, Technology Accessibility or Small Business Owners* owner grant on the reasonable conditions the commissioner considers appropriate.
- (2) A condition imposed by the *Minister of Training*, under this section or another provision of this Act, may require a person on whose application the *Learning Barriers*, *Technology Accessibility or Small Business Owners* owner grant is paid—
 - (a) to give notice of non-compliance with the condition within a period stated in the condition; and
 - (b) to repay the grant within a period stated in the condition.
 - (c) a person must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with a condition imposed by the commissioner, under this section or another provision of this Act.

Maximum penalty— xx penalty units.

25 Notice of decision

- (1) If the *Minister of Training* decides an application, or decides to vary or reverse an earlier decision on an application, the *Minister of Training* must give the applicant written notice of the decision.
- (2) If the decision authorises the payment of a *Learning Barriers*, *Technology Accessibility or Small Business Owners* grant without conditions, payment of the grant is sufficient notice of the decision.

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- (3) If the decision is to refuse an application, or to vary or reverse an earlier decision on an application, the notice must state the following—
 - (a) the reasons for the decision;
 - (b) the person may, within 60 days after receiving the notice, object to the decision;
 - (c) how to object.

Note-

See division 5.

Division 6 Objections

26 Lodging objection

- (1) This section applies to an applicant or former applicant for a *Learning Barriers, Technology Accessibility or Small Business Owners* who is dissatisfied with a decision of the *Minister of Training* on the applicant's or former applicant's application for the grant.
- (2) The applicant or former applicant may lodge a written objection for the decision with the commissioner.
- (3) The grounds of objection must be stated fully and in detail in the notice.
- (4) The objection must be lodged within 60 days after the objector receives notice of the decision.
- (5) If the commissioner is satisfied an objector has a reasonable excuse for failing to lodge an objection within the 60 day period, the commissioner may extend the time for lodging the objection.

27 Deciding objection

(1) After considering the objection, the *Minister of Training* may—

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- (a) confirm the decision; or
- (b) set aside the decision and substitute another decision.

28 Notice of decision

- (1) The *Minister of Training* must give written notice to the objector of the *Minister of Training's* decision on the objection.
- (2) The notice must comply with the QCAT Act, section 157(2).

Part 5 WorkSmart application

Division 1 Establishment

29 Establishment

- (1) The WorkSmart mobile application ('Application') must be—
 - (a) maintained and managed by the Office of Industrial Relations in the Queensland Government;
 - (b) funded as part of the annual budget for the Queensland Government Department of Education;
 - (c) published on any of the list of **approved mobile application stores**; and
 - (d) free to download.

Division 2 Functions

30 General Purpose

The Application is established as a mechanism to provide any worker across Queensland with a platform on their phone containing contacts related to workplace health, safety, and security.

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31 Anonymous tips and complaints for workplace relations

- (1) The application has the following functions in relation to tips and complaints anonymously in relation to the workplace—
 - (a) An anonymous complaints hotline to the Fair Work Ombudsman for alleged workplace negligence, mistreatment, wage theft, or unfair practices in the form of a phone number; and
 - (b) A text form to anonymously send in tips of possible workplace negligence, mistreatment, or unfair practices of others or against the individual using the app, to the Fair Work Ombudsman.

32 Contacts to relevant services

The application must provide a list of recommended workplace services, related to the general purpose.

33 Workers compensation and insurance

The application must provide a speed-dial contact for WorkCover, providing workers an option to seek workers compensation for any incidents in the workplace.

34 Bullying and discrimination in the workplace

- (1) The application must provide the following functions in relation to bullying and discrimination in the workplace—
 - (a) Phone numbers and an online form to WorkSafe Queensland and the Fair Work Commission to raise a complaint about bullying in the workplace; and
 - (b) Phone numbers and an online form to the Queensland Human Rights Commission to raise a complaint about discrimination in the workplace.

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35 Workplace sexual harassment

- (1) The application must provide the following functions in relation to workplace sexual harassment—
 - (a) A Police referral form for sexual assault and other criminal acts related to workplace sexual harassment; and
 - (b) Contact details for mental health hotlines.

36 Counselling services

- (1) The application must provide the following functions in relation to counselling services—
 - (a) A link to all mental health and counselling services that receive funding from the Queensland Government; and
 - (b) A dedicated chat room for users of the app to discuss workplace related mental health issues, moderated and monitored by a mental health professional.

37 Unfair dismissal

- (1) The application must provide the following functions in relation to unfair dismissal—
 - (a) Information about the grounds for unfair dismissal; and
 - (b) A referral link to the Fair Work Commission if the user believes they have been subject to unfair dismissal.

38 Dispute resolution in the workplace

The application must provide a redirection link to the fact sheet on dispute resolution provided by the Fair Work Ombudsman.

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Division 3 Development and implementation

39 Development process

- (1) The application must be developed by the Queensland Government.
- (2) The application must be developed in conjunction with the Australian Government and local government bodies across the State of Queensland.
- (3) The application must be developed following a phase of community consultation, in which members of the public may lodge suggestions.
- (4) The application must be developed following a phase of consultation with the mental health sector, trade unions, and businesses.
- (5) A draft application must be created following community consultation.
- (6) The draft application must be available for the public's viewing and trial for a period of no more than 6 months.
- (7) Objections to the draft application from the public and relevant stakeholders must be permitted.
- (8) Objections must be examined by the developers and may be taken into consideration.
- (9) A final application must then be published and uploaded to approved mobile application stores.

40 Implementation

- (1) Once uploaded to approved mobile application stores, all state government employees must be informed of the application.
- (2) A letter will be sent home to all students at state-owned schools in Queensland notifying families of the application.
- (3) All private sector employees, including small business employees, must receive notice from their employer about the

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application within 30 days of its upload to approved mobile application stores.

(4) The application will be consistently monitored and updated as necessary.